DTU Data Transfer Unit

User Manual

Introduction

1. Brief Introduction

Data transfer unit (DTU) is a data transmission station that adopts extremely advanced ultra-narrow band modulation technology. On the original basis, power amplifier (PA) and low noise amplifier (LNA) are built in, so that the maximum transmitting power reaches 5w and the receiving sensitivity is also improved to a certain extent. Compared with the products without power amplifier and low noise amplifier, the overall communication stability is greatly improved.

Different from analog FM stations and modems, digital radio provides transparent RS232/RS485 interface.

The station works in 433MHz frequency band and the communication distance can reach 20km. Wireless digital radio as a medium of communication, as well as optical fiber, microwave, open wire, there is a certain scope of application: it provides some special conditions, private network monitoring signals in real-time and reliable data transmission, low cost, easy installation and maintenance, diffraction capability is strong, flexible network structure, the coverage is far characteristic, suitable for some more and occasions, such as dispersion and complex geographical environment with PLC, RTU, rain gauge, level gauge and other data terminal is connected.

2. Features

★ All the core components of the original import, compared with the current similar imported digital radio, the most advanced function, the smallest size, the best price.

★ Using military-grade LoRa modulation technology, greatly enhance the communication distance and communication stability.

★ Large single package, single package maximum support 197 bytes, Modbus adaptation.

★ Simple and efficient power supply design, support power supply device or line pressure mode, support 10~28V power supply.

★ Transmission power up to 5W, and support multi-level adjustable, all technical indicators up to the European industrial standards.

★ Temperature compensators are adopted to make the frequency stability better than ±1.5PPM.

★ Operation temperature range: -40℃～+85℃, applicable for various harsh environment, it is real industrial grade products

★ All aluminum alloy shell, compact size, easy installation, good heat dissipation. Perfect shielding design, good electromagnetic compatibility, strong anti - interference ability.

★ Power reverse connection protection, over-connection protection, antenna surge protection and other multiple protection functions, greatly increasing the reliability of the station.

★ Powerful software functions, all parameters can be set through programming: such as power, frequency, air speed, address ID, etc.

★ Ultra-low power consumption, the standby current is only 50mA (power saving mode and sleep mode power consumption is lower), the emission current 1.2A.

★ Built-in watchdog, and accurate time layout, once an exception, the module will automatically restart, and can continue to work in accordance with the previous parameter Settings.

Operation

Main parts

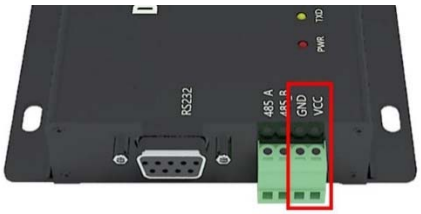
DTU


Power Adapter

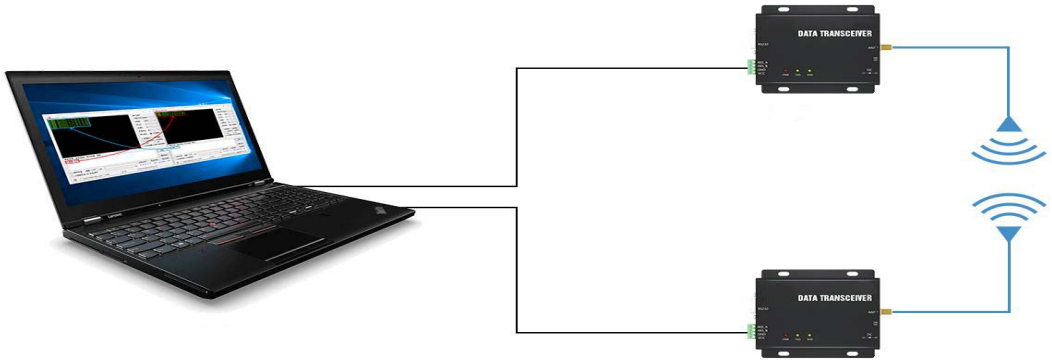

Aerial


Cable

1. First step is to mount antenna, then battery, making sure the dial switch is on its right status. User gets on the power by choosing either VCC/GND or power adapter.



2. Using USB-(RS232) converter or USB-RS (485) converter or other way to link computer and DTU.



3. Firing up two XCOMs, choosing Baud rate 9600bps, 8N1, the setting which serial port transmission can be achieved.

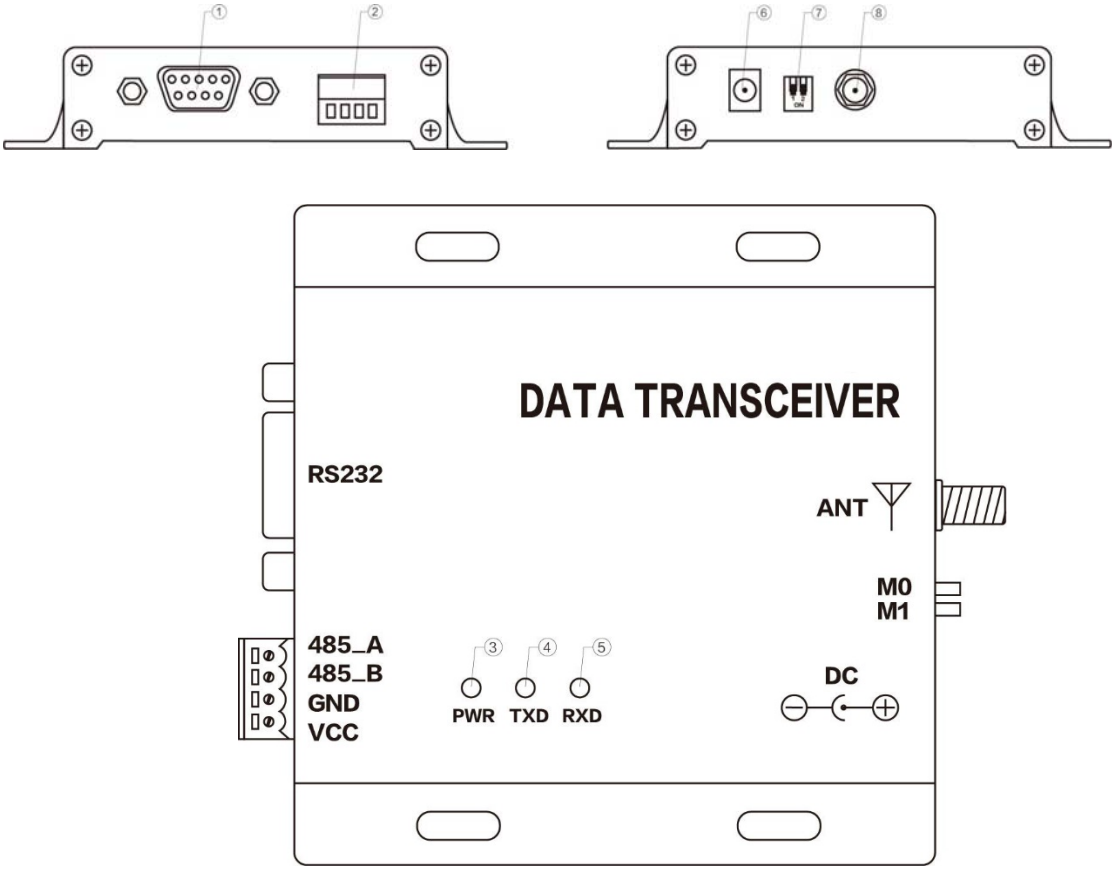
4. User needs to open the mode switch first before link DTU with computer if the user wants to modify parameters. The mode switch must be reopened to achieve transmission after the configuration.

Mode 0: Factory default state

Mode 2: Configure parameters

Installation Specification

1. Structure



Pin NO.	Name	Function	Description
1	DB-9 female socket	RS-232 interface	Standard RS-232 interface
2	3.81 terminal block	RS-485, power interface	Standard RS-485 interface and pressure line power interface
3	PWR-LED	Power LED	Red, lit when the power is on
4	TXD-LED	Transmit LED	Yellow, blinks when sending data
5	RXD-LED	Receive LED	Yellow, blinks when receiving data
6	DC power interface	Power interface	In-line round hole, outer diameter 5.5mm, diameter 2.5mm
7	DIP switch	DIP switch	Controlled by working mode
8	Antenna interface	SMA-K interface	external thread, 10mm, 50Ω characteristic impedance

Interface Definition

1. Power interface definition

Users can choose ⑥ DC power interface, using the power adapter supply with the interface of the 5.5mm outer diameter , 2.5mm diameter.

Also choose the VCC and GND terminal power supply, only choose any one of the power supply is OK.

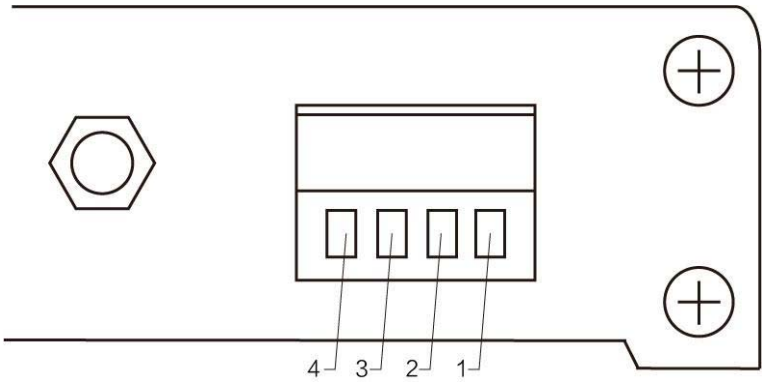
-DTU can use 10~ 28V DC power supply, but it is recommended to use 12V or 24V DC power supply.

2. RS232 Interface definition

The -DTU can be connected to the device via RS-232 using the standard DB-9 interface.

3. RS485 Interface definition

-DTU can connect the 485_A terminal and 485_B terminal with the device RS-485 A terminal and B terminal.



Pin NO.	Definition	Function	Description
1	VCC	Crimping power interface, positive	10 ~ 28V DC, recommended 12V or 24V
2	GND	Crimping power interface, negative	The power supply negative pole is connected to the system ground and the housing
3	485_B	RS-485 interface, interface B	The RS-485 interface B is connected to the device interface B
4	485_A	RS-485 interface, interface A	The RS-485 interface A is connected to the device interface A

★ Note: The transceiver will be in poor communication when connected to multiple devices, it is recommended to be connected to a single device, please try to use parallel 120Ω resistor between 485_A terminal and 485_B.

Operating Mode

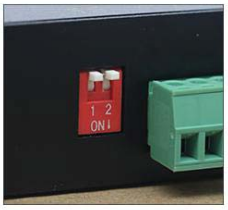
-DTU has four operating modes, if low power consumption is not required, normal communication is recommended to configure the data transceiver for the normal mode (mode 0). The factory default is normal mode (mode 0).

	Categories	M1	M0	Description
Mode 0	Normal Mode	ON	ON	Open UART and RF， transparent transmission is on
Mode 1	Wake-up Mode	ON	OFF	Air wake-up mode, the packet comes with a wake-up code
Mode 2	Power-saving Mode	OFF	ON	The air wake-up receive mode, saving receive power, the mode cannot be transmitted
Mode 3	Sleep Mode	OFF	OFF	Parameter setting using the configuration software

Mode 0

Mode 1

Mode 2

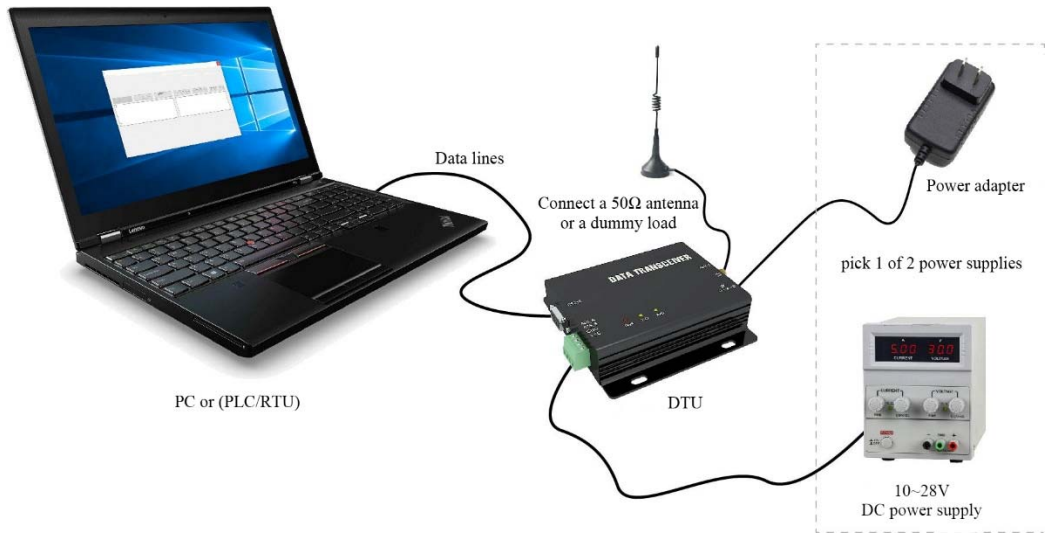


Mode 3

★ Note: No need to care about the wake-up mode (mode 1) and power saving mode (mode 2) if it doesn't request low power consumption.

Connection diagram when programming

1. Diagrammatic drawing



	Mode	M1	M0	Description
Mode 3	Command mode	Off	Off	Only be programmed using the configuration software in the current mode

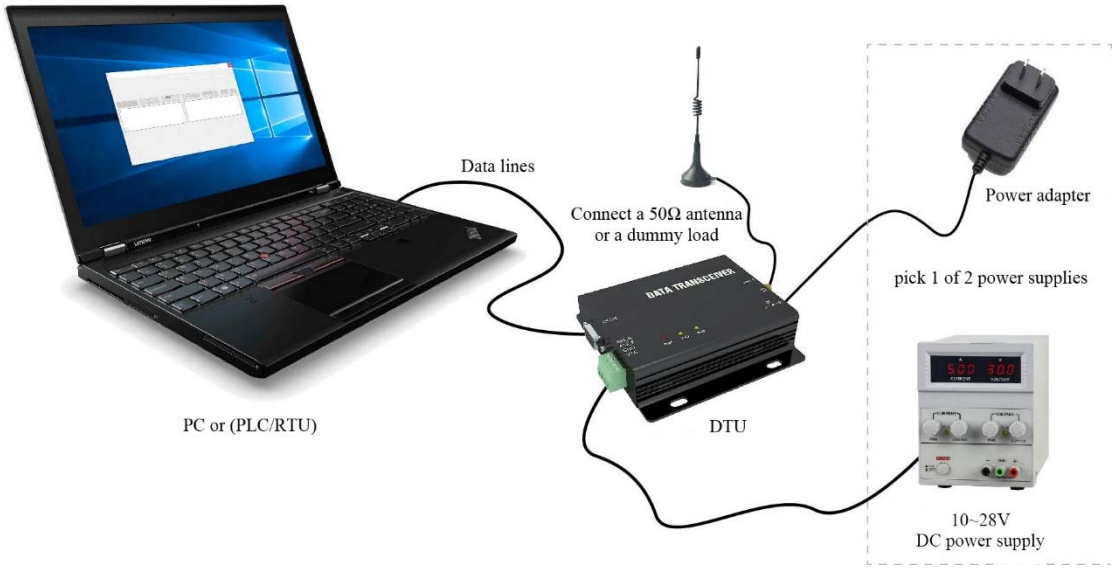
★ Note: Programming can only be carried on in a specific mode (see above), if fails, please confirm the work mode.

2. Parameter setting instruction

Parameter	Description
Baud rate	The serial port baud rate of a wireless data station at work, 1200bps～115200bps
Odd-even check	Support 8N1: no check. 8E1: even-check. 8O1: odd-check. Both are 8-bit data bits and 1-bit stop bits.
Air data rate (bps)	Wireless communication rate, also known as air baud rate air rate high, data transmission speed, transmission of the same data time delay is small, but the transmission distance will become shorter.
Transmitting power	In order to ensure the working efficiency, it is

	recommended to use the maximum power. If the transmitted power is reduced, the communication distance will become shorter and the required current will be reduced
FEC	The lost or interfered data can be partially corrected by complex encoding, which can improve the equivalent receiving sensitivity by about 3dBm. Turning off this function can reduce the communication delay.
Transmission mode	Fixed length transmission: automatic subcontracting in traditional wireless transmission mode, with a maximum of 77 bytes per packet. Continuous transmission: unlimited packet length, supporting wireless continuous transmission.
Wake Up Time	There is no direct relationship with the communication delay. If the customer needs low-power applications, this option shall be adjusted as required. In the power-saving mode, the longer the wake-up time, the lower the power consumption of the receiving end, and the greater the communication delay.
Station Address	Internal address of wireless data station, stations with the same address as those independent of Modbus address can communicate with each other. This feature can be used to realize software filtering grouping input range: 0~65535, decimal number.
Frequency Channel	It is equivalent to the working frequency of the wireless data transmission station. Each channel corresponds to its different working frequency. Theoretically, different frequency channels cannot communicate with each other， If there are multiple groups of wireless data stations in the same area, the communication frequency interval is suggested to be 2~5MHz.
Cipher function	Only stations with the same cipher text can communicate, and the secondary cipher text can only be written but cannot be read.
Cipher text set	Radio cipher text, input range: 0~65535, decimal number.

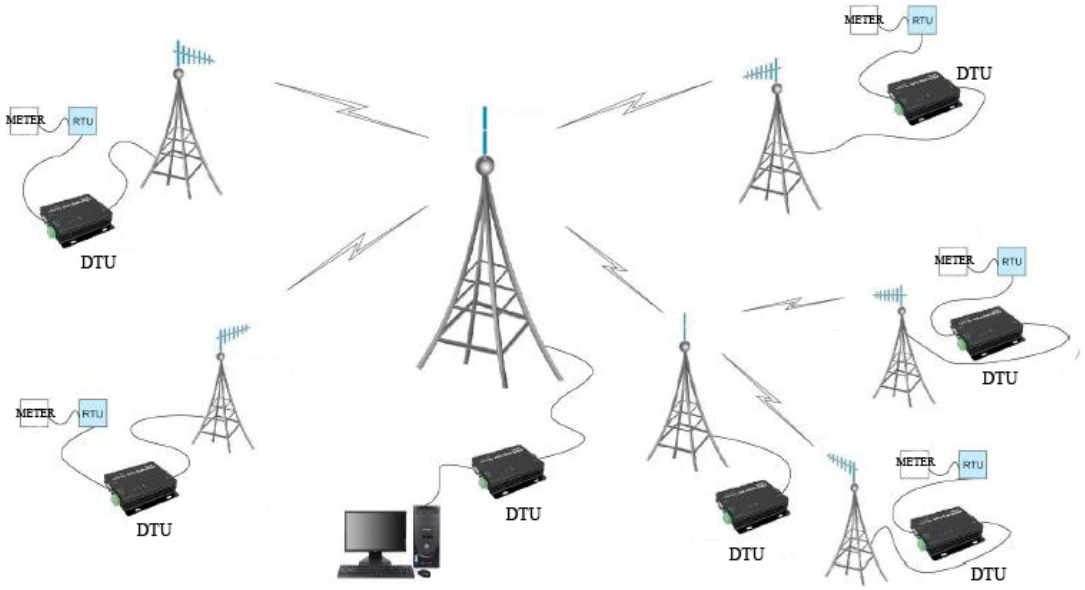
Connection diagram in test and application



Practical application

The data transceiver of CDEBYTE is applied for all kinds of point to point, one point to multiple points wireless data transmission system, such as smart home, Internet of things transformation, power load monitoring, distribution network automation, hydrological and hydrological forecasting, water pipe network monitoring, urban street lamps

Monitoring, air defense alarm control, railway signal monitoring, centralized control of railway water supply, oil supply pipe network monitoring, GPS system, remote meter reading, electronic crane, automatic reporting, seismic forecasting, fire prevention, environmental monitoring and other industrial automation system, as shown below.



Note

1. Please keep the warranty card of the equipment which includes the factory number (and important technical parameters) and is important for user's future maintenance and new equipment.
2. Transceiver during the warranty period, if the quality of the product itself rather than man-made damage or lightning and other natural disasters caused by damage, enjoys free warranty. please do not repair by yourself, the problem and please contact with our company when problem occurring, we offer the first-class after-sales service.
3. Please do not operate the transceiver in some flammable places such as coal mines or near explosive atmospheres (such as detonators).
4. Please use the appropriate DC power supply, high frequency interference ability, small ripple, and enough load capacity are required. It’s better to have over current, over voltage protection and lightning protection and other functions to ensure that transceiver working properly.
5. Please do not use it in the working environment beyond the transceiver environmental characteristics, such as high temperature, humidity, low temperature, strong electromagnetic fields or dust larger environment.
6. Please do not continuously keep transceiver to transmit in full capacity, or the transmitter might be damaged.
7. Please connect the ground with the external ground of the power supply (such as PC, PLC, etc.), otherwise it is easy to burn out the communication interface. do not plug the interface with power supplying.
8. When testing, please connect the antenna or 50 Ω load, otherwise transceiver will be damaged easily . The distance from the antenna is better than 2 meters, so as to avoid harm, please do not touch the antenna when transmitting.
9. Wireless data transceiver has different communication distance in different environments, communication distance is influenced by temperature, humidity, obstacle density, obstacle volume and electromagnetic environment. In order to ensure stable communication, it is recommended to reserve at least 50 % of the communication distance.
10. When communication distance is not perfect, it is recommended to improve the antenna quality and the installation mode of the antenna. You can send mail to support@cdebyte.com for support.
11. When choosing power supply, it is recommended to keep at least 50% current left and the ripple must not exceed 100mV.