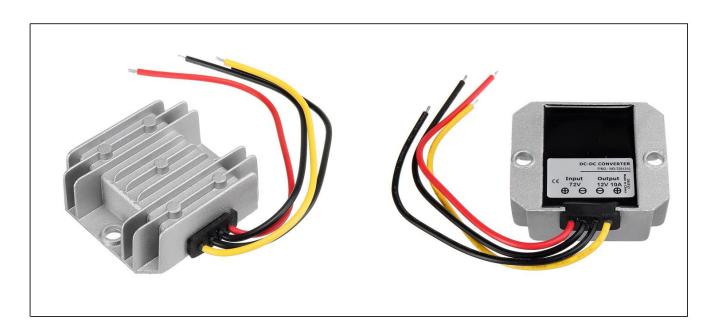


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Input voltage	Output voltage	Output current	Output power	Efficiency	Size
18-90V DC	12V DC	10 Amps	120 Watts	91%	64*57*22mm



The WG-72S1210Z is a Non-isolated DC-DC converter that uses a synchronous rectification technology, and features high efficiency and power density. It has the dimensions of $64 \text{mm} \times 57 \text{mm} \times 22 \text{mm}$ (2.52 in. x 2.24 in. x 0.87 in) and provides the rated output voltage of 12V and the maximum output current of 10A.

Features

- Design meeting RoHS / CE
- High efficiency: 91% (@ 72Vin, 25℃)
- Non-isolated between input and output
- Small size, high reliability
- Support -40 °C environment
- 100% full load burn-in test
- Short circuit, Over load, Low-voltage protections
- Waterproof level IP67
- 2 Years warranty

Applications

- Industrial
- Alternative Energy
- Golf Cart
- Cars & Forklift
- Electromotor
- Telecommunications
- Boat & Yacht
- Medical
- LED Marketplaces and so on.

Model naming method

WG-72S1210Z

72 : Input rated voltage

S: Single output type

12: Output voltage

10: Output current

Z: Type of shell











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Electrical Specifications

Conditions: TA = 25 °C (77°F), Airflow = 1 m/s (200LFM), Vin =72V, Vout =12V, unless otherwise specified.

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Remarks	
Absolute maximum ratio	ngs					
Operating ambient						
temperature	-40	-	+55	°C		
Shell ambient						
temperature	-40	-	80	°C		
Storage temperature	-55	-	100	°C		
Operating humidity	5	-	95	%	Non-condensing	
Atmospheric pressure	62	-	106	Кра		
Altitude	-	-	4000	m		
Cooling way	-	-	-		Natural cooling	
Input characteristics						
Input voltage	18	72	90	V	-	
Max. input voltage	-	-	90	V	Continuous	
Undervoltage shutdown	14.7	15.1	15.4	V	Automatic recovery	
Undervoltage recovery	16.5	16.7	16.9	V	Automatic recovery	
Max. input current	-	-	7.3	Α	Vin =18V; Iout =10A	
No load current	-	32	50	mA	Vin =72V	
Positive electrode cable	16	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is	
Negative electrode cable	16	-	-	AWG	recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.	
Enable PIN cable	-	NA	-	AWG	If the unit with this function	
Fuse	-	20	-	Α	Input positive has built-in fuse	
Output characteristics						
Efficiency	-	91	-	%	Vin =72V; Iout =10A	
Output voltage	11.9	12	12.3	V	Vin =72V; Iout =10A	
Regulator accuracy	-	±2	-	%		
Voltage regulation	-	±2	-	%		
Load Regulation	-	±2	-	%		
Overvoltage protection	-	NA	-	V		
Output current	0	-	10	Α	Vin=18-90V	
Overcurrent protection	-	15	16	Α	Vin=72V	
External capacitance	-	NA	-	μF	DON'T NEED	
	-	_		mVp-p	Vin =18-90V; Iout=10A	
Output ripple and noise		84	200		Oscilloscope bandwidth: 20 MHz;	
Output voltage rise time	-	72	100	mS		
Boot delay time	-	103	120	mS		
Out voltage overshoot	-	1	2	%	Vin =72V	
Over temperature						
protection	-	_	100	°C	Shell test	
Charles and the state of		\/FC			Long-term (4 hours) short circuit is not	
Short circuit protection	-	YES	-		damaged, Hiccup mode	
Positive electrode cable	16	-	-	AWG	If the wire length is greater than 50cm, it is	
Negative electrode cable	16	-	-	AWG	recommended to use a thicker wire diameter.	











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Safety and EMC features					
	Input to Output	-	V	Lankana ayyunant k 2 Fash danin	
Anti-electric Strength	Input to Shell	≥500	V	Leakage current ≤ 3.5mA, 1min,	
	Output to Shell	≥500	V	no breakdown, no arcing	
	Input to Output		МΩ		
Insulation resistance	Input to Shell	≥10		Test voltage = 500V	
	Output to Shell				
Other characteristics					
Weight	≤ 120		g		
Package	white box				
MTBF	≥200,000		Н	Vin= 72V; Iout= 10A	
Switching frequency	100±10		KHz		

Characteristic Curves

Conditions: TA = 25°C (77°F), Vin = 72V, Vout = 12V, unless otherwise specified.

Figure 1, Efficiency

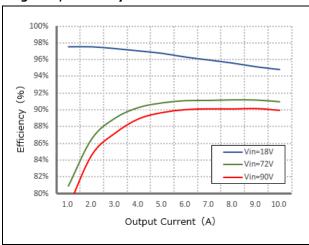


Figure 2, Power dissipation

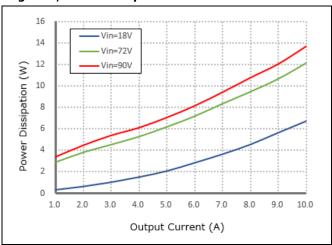
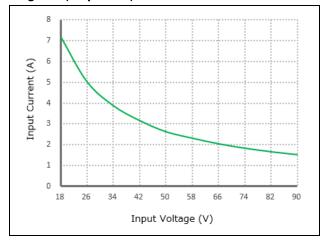


Figure 3, Input V-I, Iout=10A









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Typical Waveforms

Conditions: TA = 25° C (77° F), Vin = 72V, unless otherwise specified.

Figure 4, 25% - 50% load dynamic

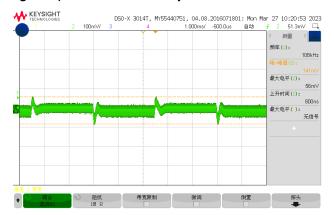


Figure 5, 50% - 75% load dynamic

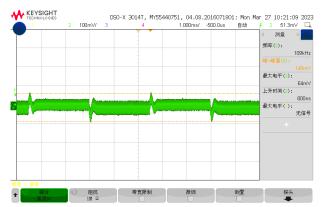


Figure 6, Output voltage established (Iout = 10A)

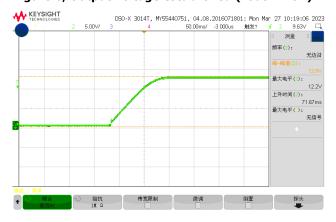


Figure 7, Output ripple & noise (Iout = 10A)

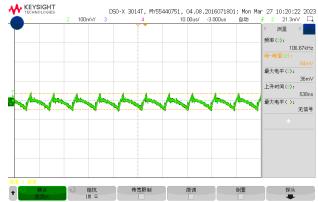


Figure 8, Boot delay time

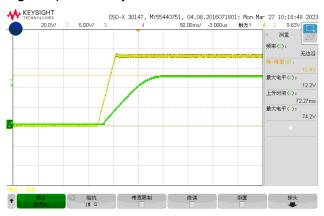
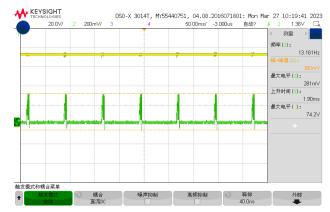


Figure 9, Short circuit & Output voltage









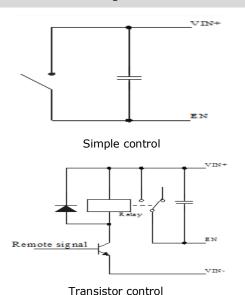
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Feature Description

Remote On/Off (EN) (Optional)

Logic	Low level	High level	Left open
Enable	(0 - 18Vdc)	(18-90Vdc)	
Positive logic	Off	On	Off

Various circuits for driving the EN



Input Undervoltage Protection

The converter will shut down after the input voltage drops below the under-voltage protection threshold for shutdown. The converter will start to work again after the input voltage reaches the input under voltage protection threshold for startup. For the Hysteresis, see the Protection characteristics.

Output Overcurrent Protection

The converter equipped with current limiting circuitry can provide protection from an output overload or short circuit condition. If the output current exceeds the output overcurrent protection set point, the converter enters hiccup mode. When the fault condition is removed, the converter will automatically restart.

Overtemperature Protection

A temperature sensor on the converter senses the average temperature of the module. It protects the converter from being damaged at high temperatures. When the temperature exceeds the over temperature protection threshold, the output will shut down. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the value of Over temperature Protection Hysteresis

Wiring Instructions

The input and output of this product is terminals. The user should ensure that the input and output wires and terminals are connected reliably, and pay attention to the wire diameter to meet the requirements of the power supply current. If the cable to be used is long, it needs Considering the voltage drop of the wire, if the voltage drop is too large, the voltage output at the load end may not meet the load demand. In this case, consider using a thicker wire diameter or reducing the length of the wire. Generally, if long wiring is required. Long line should be used on the side where the current is relatively small. For example, this product is a step-down product, so long lines should be used on the input side.







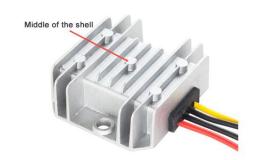


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Thermal Consideration

Sufficient airflow should be provided to help ensure reliable operating of the WG-72S1210Z.

Therefore, thermal components are mounted on the top surface of the WG-72S1210Z to dissipate heat to the surrounding environment by conduction, convection, and radiation. Proper airflow can be verified by measuring the temperature at the middle of the base plate.



Dimension

Shell installation diagram

Thickness: 22mm

Center distance: 54mm



